ACCIDENT / INCIDENT REPORT

School District	Site	
EMPLOYEESECTION		Claim Number:
NAME:	JOBTITLE:	
DATE OF ACCIDENT/INCIDENT: _	DATI	EREPORTED:
TIME OF INJURY: WHERE DID INCIDENT OCCUR?		
ACCIDENT REPORTED TO WHOM	/I: TITLE:	PHONE:
WHAT WERE YOU DOING IMMEDIATELY PRECEEDING THE ACCIDENT/INCIDENT?		
DESCRIBE INCIDENT IN DETAIL:		
TYPE OF INJURY:	BODYPART:	RIGHT/LEFT:
NAME(S) OF WITNESSES:		PHONE:
EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE:		_ PHONE:
	Compensation benefits you have one year from the d is needed please use a second sheet of paper.)	ate of incident to file. For details on claim submission,
SUPERVISOR SECTION		ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION
HOW TO COMPLETE THE "FIVE I	WHYS" OF AN ACCIDENT/INCIDENT INV	ESTIGATION? Materia,
STEP ONE: Meet face to face with the employee and review the accident/incident description. It will help you formalize the problem and describe it accurately and completely. Determine the main contributor or causal factors (one causal factor may lead to another). STEP TWO: Ask WHY the incident occurred and write the answer down. If the answer does not identify the root cause of the incident that you wrote down, ask WHY again, and write down that answer. STEP THREE: Loop back through step two until the root cause is identified. This may take fewer or more times than the indicated five whys. If you did not identify the root cause, your investigation is incomplete. You may refer to the back of this form for a guide to completing your analysis. CAUSALFACTORS OF INCIDENT/INJURY		
DID YOU DO AN ONSITE INVESTIGATION? DID YOU MEET FACE TO FACE WITH THE EMPLOYEE?		
WHAT WAS THE ROOT CAUSE?		
WAS A WORK ORDER REQUIRED TO MITIGATE THE HAZARD? WORK ORDER #? IF NO, WHAT ACTIONS WERE TAKEN TO CORRECT/PREVENT FUTURE, OR SIMILAR, ACCIDENTS/ INCIDENTS?		
DATE ACTIONTAKEN: BY WHOM:		
DIDEMPLOYEE: RECEIVE FIRST AID? REQUIRE HOSPITALIZATION? HAS EMPLOYEE MISSED ANY WORK	VISIT EMERGI VISIT PHYSICI DUE TO ACCIDENT? DATES:	
		Phone:
Signature:		Date:
Distribution		

Supervisor: After completing the accident investigation portion of this form, please retain the original copy and submit a photocopy to the following:

Copy 1 - Employee

Copy 2 - District Claims Liaison

District Claims Liaison: After receiving a copy of this report, please forward a copy to the following:

Copy 3 - Safety Committee

Copy 4 - Puget Sound Workers' Compensation Trust, 800 Oakesdale Ave SW, Renton, WA 98057

ACCIDENT CAUSATION GUIDE

DIRECT CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS Energy Sources

Mechanical:

machinery, compressed gases, moving objects, tools, explosives, strain (self)

Electrical:

un-insulated conductors, high voltage sources

Chemical: 7. acids, fuels, bases, reactive materials

- Thermal 4.
- Radiation:

x-rays/lasers, microwave, radioactivity, noise

Hazardous Materials

- Compressed or liquefied gases: flames, hot surfaces
- Corrosive materials 3. 2.
- Flammable materials: solid, liquid, gas
- 4. Oxidizing materials
- Poisons or Toxics 5.
- 6. Radioactive materials 7.
- 7. Etiological agents 8.
- 8. Dust 9.
- Explosives 10.

INDIRECT CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS **Unsafe Acts**

- Failing to use personal protective equipment
- Failing to warn co-workers or to secure equipment
- Engaging in horseplay
- 4. Lifting improperly
- 5. Loading equipment or supplies improperly
- Rendering safety devices inoperable 6. Operating equipment at improper speeds
- 8. Operating equipment without authority
- 9. Servicing equipment in motion
- 10. Improper work position
- 11. Using alcoholic beverages
- 12. Using drugs
- 13. Using defective equipment
- 14. Using equipment improperly

Unsafe Conditions

- Congestion of workplace
- Defective tools, equipment, or supplies

Excessive noise

- 4. Fire and explosion hazards
- 5. Hazardous atmospheric conditions: gases, dusts, fumes, vapors
- Inadequate supports or guards Inadequate warning system Poor housekeeping

Poor illumination

Poor ventilation

11. Radiation exposure

BASIC CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS

Management Safety Policies and Decisions

- Health and safety policy is not: in writing, reviewed periodically; signed by top management, distributed to each employee
- Health and Safety procedures do not provide for: a written manual; accident investigation; safety meetings; job safety analysis; adequate housekeeping; medical surveillance; preventive maintenance; reports; safety inspections
- Health and safety not considered in procurement of: supplies; equipment; services, materials
- Inadequate personnel practices regarding: employee selection; communication; training; assigned responsibility; assignment; accountability; job observation

Personal Factors

Behavior factors:

frequent accidents; risk taking; lack of hazard awareness

2. Experience factors:

insufficient knowledge; lack of training; accident record inadequate skills; unsafe practices

Physical factors:

size; strength; stamina

Mental factors:

emotional; alcoholism; depression; drug use

- 5. Motivational factors: needs; capabilities
- 6. Attitude factors:

people; company; job

Environmental Factors

Unsafe facility designs:

mechanical layout; access ways; electrical systems material handling; hydraulic systems; illumination air conditioning; noise

- Unsafe or lack of operating procedures
- Unsafe projections:

physical plant; equipment; procedures; supplies

Unsafe location factors:

geographic area; surroundings; terrain; weather